ACCELERATION notes

-	Acceleration is the in velocity's (speed or direction)
	Example: A car speeding up or slowing down or changing direction.
	 Positive Acceleration- speed is increasing
	Negative acceleration ()-speed is
	■ Formula:
	Acceleration = change in divided by
	*** Change in Velocity = final velocity initial velocity
	Acceleration = final velocity — initial velocity
	time
	Practice: A.A car accelerates from a standstill to 60 km/hr in 10.0 hrs. What is the car's acceleration?
	B. A runner achieves a velocity of 11.1 m/s only 9 seconds after he begins. What is the runner's acceleration?
	C. A train decreases its speed from 80 mi/hr to 50 mi/hr in 0.20 hours. What is the train's acceleration?

© The Trendy Science Teacher 2016